## **Gateway 1 – Initial Procurement Strategy**

Parking and Traffic Enforcement Services Contract

## **Parking Service Delivery Options - Appendix One**

## **Delivery Options for consideration**

Option 1 - In house service team

Option 2 - Joining a framework agreement

Option 3 - Letting our own contract

Option 4 - Procuring jointly with another local authority

Element	Weighting (wtd)	option1	option wtd1	option2	option wtd2	option3	option wtd3	option4	option wtd4
Design and scope	10.0%	8	8	7	7	8	8	8	8
Accountability & governance	7.5%	5	3.75	0	0	9	6.75	7	5.25
Financial assessment	15.0%	4	6	5	7.5	9	13.5	6	9
Quality of service	10.0%	7	7	5	5	7	7	7	7
Local economy and community wellbeing	10.0%	8	8	5	5	8	8	8	8
Added value	7.5%	6	4.5	5	3.75	7	5.25	7	5.25
Sustainability	7.0%	8	5.6	5	3.5	8	5.6	8	5.6
Equalities impact	7.0%	8	5.6	5	3.5	8	5.6	8	5.6
Capability, management and intellectual									
knowledge	7.0%	7	4.9	5	3.5	7	4.9	7	4.9
Organisational arrangements	7.0%	7	4.9	5	3.5	7	4.9	7	4.9
Quality of employment	7.0%	9	6.3	5	3.5	9	6.3	9	6.3
Corporate impact	5.0%	5	2.5	5	2.5	7	3.5	5	2.5
Total	100.0%	82.0	67.1	57	48.25	94	79.3	87	72.3

This option appraisal results in option 3 and 4 being most favoured based on selection criteria

## **Options Appraisal criteria**

The Options Appraisal Criteria Matrix is divided into twelve sections, which cover the full range of into account in appraising options. They are summarised below:

- 1. **Design and scope:** How each option meets strategic objectives, vision and aspirations, ability to meet current and future needs, user views, effect of creating/extending market mechanisms, scope for synergies and design/technical assessment.
- 2. **Accountability, governance and participation:** The implications of each option for enhancing democratic accountability, transparency and scrutiny and user/community and staff/trade union involvement in planning, policy and provision.
- 3. **Financial assessment:** Assess whole life and transaction costs, investment requirements and funding, affordability, use and allocation of savings, Best Value and risk assessment.
- 4. **Quality of service:** The potential impact on performance, service integration, continuous improvement and innovation, flexibility and responsiveness, accessibility and connectivity.
- 5. **Local/regional economy and community well being:** Assess impact on jobs, skills, labour market and local economy, contribution to regeneration and economic development strategies, community well being and cohesion.
- 6. **Quality of employment:** Application of employment models to each option, ability to retain terms and conditions, pensions and labour standards, impact on working practices, workplace training, access/provision of childcare and health and safety in workplace and community.
- 7. **Sustainable development:** Impact on local/regional production and supply chains, access to parks and recreational activities, services and facilities, environmental impacts and efficient use of resources.
- 8. **Ability to address social justice and inequalities:** The appraisal should identify how each option will reduce/eliminate health and other inequalities and discrimination for different equality groups. It should include a distributional analysis of the costs and benefits of each option and assess the contribution to building community capacity, power and participation.
- 9. **Capability, management and intellectual knowledge:** Effect of each option on retention of key skills and intellectual knowledge, ability to manage change and regulatory frameworks and transferability of skills to rest of the authority.
- 10. **Organisational arrangements:** Effect on flexibility, scope for collaboration and consortia, impact of transfer to arms length bodies and trusts and capability of third sector organisations.
- 11. **Added value:** Proposals over and above core requirements and additional community benefits.
- 12. **Corporate impact on the authority:** Assess the impact on the viability of in-house provision, service integration and the financial and employment knock-on effects on central and other services.